



Betriebswirtschaftlich relevante Erfolgsmetriken von Social Coding-Programmen in deutschen Großunternehmen

Open/Inner Source Success Metrics that satisfy upper management and do not frustrate developers

Johannes Nicolai (jonico@github.com)







Wie wäre
Kalenderwoche 53?



Input for this presentation



zalando



DEUTSCHE BÖRSE
GROUP

=exact

Allianz 



SIGNAVIO



AUTODESK®



SOCIETE
GENERALE

DAIMLER

Continental 



HYPOPORT



Agenda



- GitHub Kurz-Einführung
- Open/Inner Source-Erfolgsmetriken von Allianz, SAP, Continental, Autodesk, Exact, SocGen
 - Ramp Time
 - Developer Happiness
 - Deployment Frequency (und das größte Missverständnis hinter Inner Source)
- Zusammenfassung / Q&A





The #1 Developer platform on the planet

Most contributions **1.1B in 2018**

Most developers **40M**

Highest growth **8M new devs in 2018**

Most Repos **110M**

Most activity **200M PRs, 800M API requests daily**

Most students **1.1M**

Most organizations **2.2M**

Most secure **27M vulnerability alerts in 2019**

Global Rank **50th most visited website worldwide**

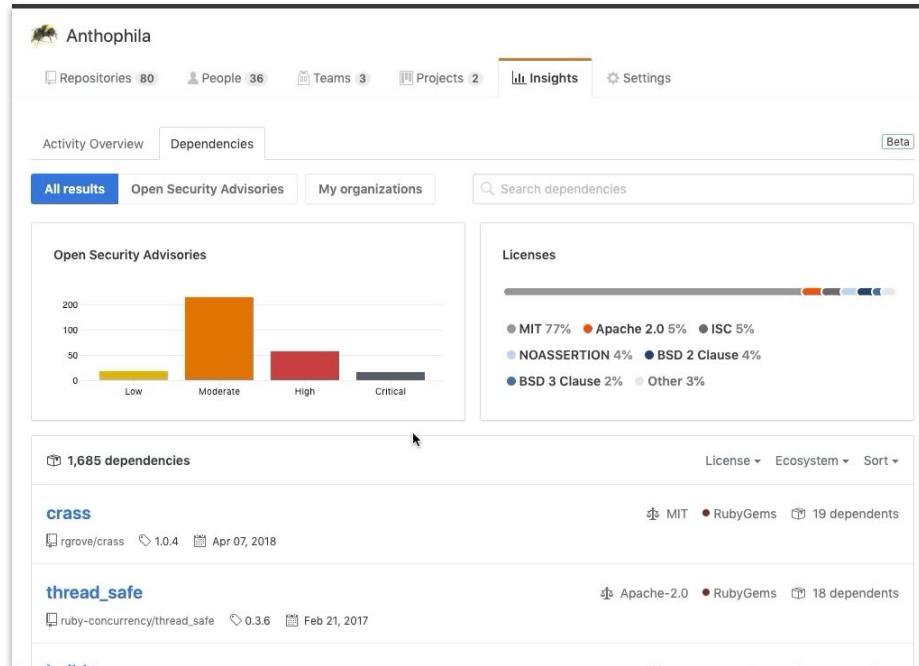


Dependency insights

Understand open source dependencies and how they impact your business.

Drill-down to discover which dependencies have **security advisories** or risky **licenses** (e.g. GPLv3)

- Identify the repositories
- Take corrective actions





Automatic Security Fixes

Keep your code secure and up-to-date

- Remediation patches -> pull-requests
- Confidence Score on merge
- Planet scale “update” workflows

The screenshot shows a GitHub pull request interface. At the top, the title is "[Security] Bump sshpk from 1.13.1 to 1.16.1 #23". Below the title, it says "dependabot wants to merge 1 commit into master from dependabot/npm_and_yarn/sshpk-1.16.1". The pull request is open, and the status bar shows "Conversation 0", "Commits 1", "Checks 0", and "Files changed 1".

The main content of the pull request is a comment from the dependabot bot, posted 3 days ago. The comment text is: "Bumps sshpk from 1.13.1 to 1.16.1. This update includes security fixes." Below this text, there are three expandable sections: "Vulnerabilities fixed", "Release notes", and "Commits". A green bar indicates a "compatibility 92%" score. The comment also states: "Dependabot will resolve any conflicts with this PR as long as you don't alter it yourself. You can also trigger a rebase manually by commenting @dependabot rebase." Below the comment, there are two lines of activity: "[Security] Bump sshpk from 1.13.1 to 1.16.1" (verified, 7471864) and "dependabot bot added dependencies security labels 3 days ago".

On the right side of the pull request, there are several sections: "Reviews" (No reviews), "Assignees" (No one assigned), "Labels" (dependencies, security), "Projects" (None yet), "Milestone" (No milestone), "Notifications" (Subscribe button), and "1 participant".

At the bottom of the pull request, there are two green checkmarks indicating the status of the pull request: "All checks have passed" (1 successful check) and "This branch has no conflicts with the base branch" (Only those with write access to this repository can merge pull requests).

Visualizing cross-org collaboration



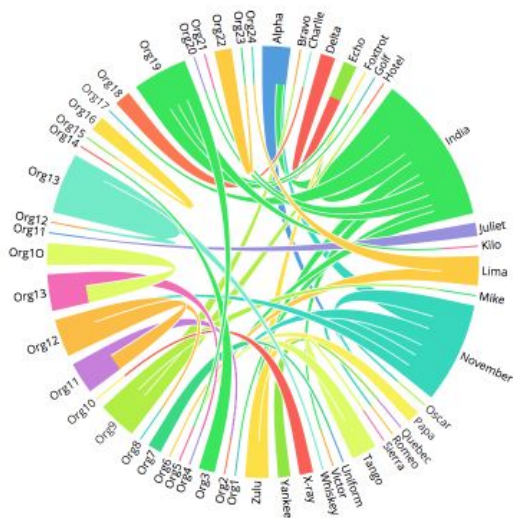
AUTODESK.GITHUB.IO STATISTICS

USERS PULL REQUESTS REPOSITORIES ORGANIZATIONS HOUSEKEEPING RECOMMENDATIONS

Collaboration Contributors Activity Git Versions

Collaboration Across Organizations

2 w 2 m 2 y



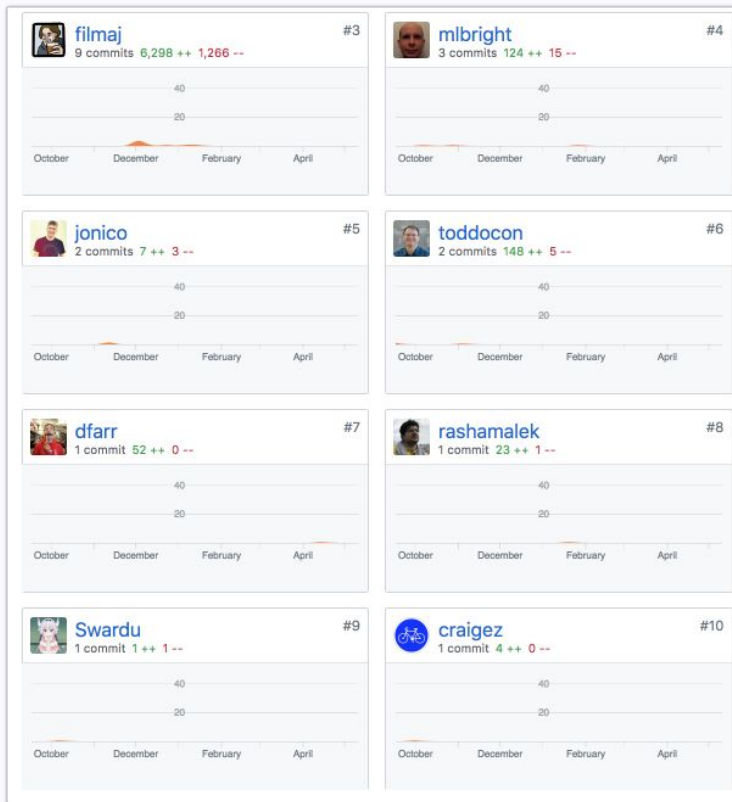
Top 50 connections ↓

The top 50 connections between organizations over the last two weeks, two months, or two years.

A connection between two organizations is rated higher the more people contribute to both organizations. Users are considered *members* of an organization if the majority of their pushes were made to this organization.

The depicted collaboration is especially meaningful if the affected organizations cover different topics. If two organizations cover the same topic (for example, an organization *foo-server* and an organization *foo-client*), then the collaboration is less meaningful.

In this situation, it might be a good idea to consolidate the two organizations into one (in this example, *foo*).



Businesses Using GitHub Today

OPEN SOURCE

TECHNOLOGY

FORWARD THINKING ENTERPRISES



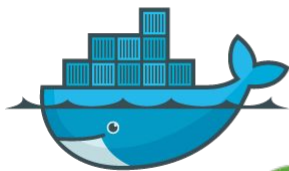
Allianz Global ADP (Agile Delivery Platform)



Jenkins



OPENS SHIFT
by Red Hat®



docker



JFrog Artifactory



sonarqube



CLOUD FOUNDRY



Pivotal Elastic
Runtime



ANSIBLE

Test Automation

Selenium



Metrics that make sense



1. Tied to specific economic benefits and hard to game
2. High level enough to allow comparisons
3. Agreeable on their usefulness



Metrics, metrics, metrics



INSIGHT'S PERIODIC TABLE OF SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT METRICS

PROJECT MANAGEMENT					TEAM					QUALITY				
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Team Onboarding/Training KPIs: RT

Associated GitHub Value Proposition: Community, Time to Delight

Description

RT: Ramp Time - Length of time required for a new developer to push code to production for the first time.

Economic Impact

The normal onboarding time varies from company to company, but typically consists between 2 weeks and 8 weeks. With a previous familiarity of GitHub and its workflows, it can typically be cut in half, saving 2 to 4 weeks of on boarding time per developer. Our evidence from previous customers even suggests that only 30 hours are needed in average to get a developer fully up to speed with GitHub's work flows and tooling.

$\langle \text{number developers on boarded / switching platforms} \rangle / 52 \text{ weeks} * \langle \text{number of weeks saved} \rangle * \# \text{average dev salary}$

Training on proprietary version control, collaboration and issue tracking system typically requires a dedicated trainer (team). With GitHub, only minimal training is required which is freely available and can be done in a self-paced, self service manner:

$\langle \text{number developers needing training} \rangle / \langle \text{class size} \rangle * \langle \text{average cost of training} \rangle$

How GitHub can help

Legacy vs modern tools used in Inner Source



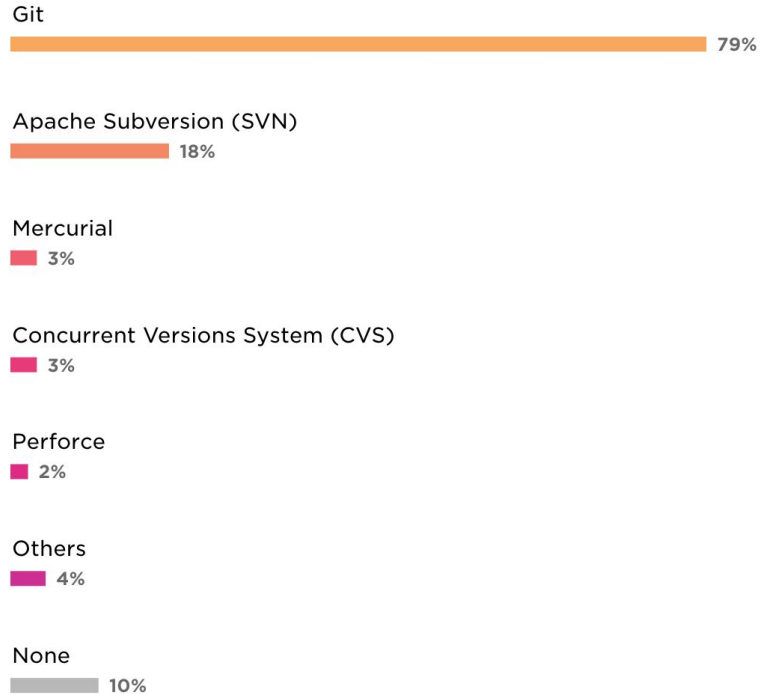
VS



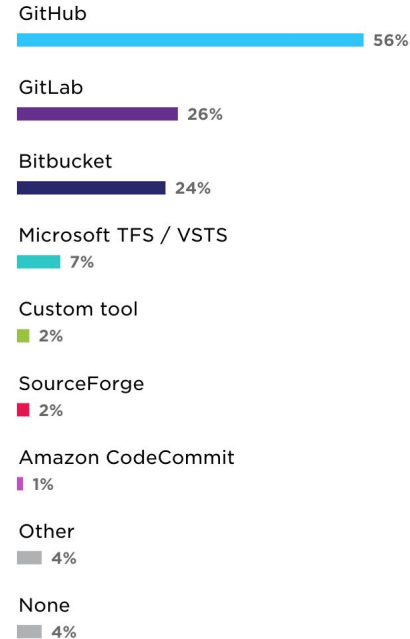
JetBrain Developer Surveys 2017 & 2018



Which Version Control systems



Which Version Control Services do you regularly use, if any?



German results from StackOverflow Survey



STACK OVERFLOW ENTWICKLERUMFRAGE 2018

Prioritäten bei Arbeitgeberwahl

- Tools
- Team
- Gehalt
- Weiterentwicklung



StackOverflow Survey (German subset, 6k devs)



Developer Happiness



Team Talent Attraction KPIs: DH

Associated GitHub Value Proposition: Community, Invention

Description

DH - Developer Happiness: [Employee Net Promoter Score](#) - Based on a scale of zero to ten, how likely is it you would recommend this company as a place to work?

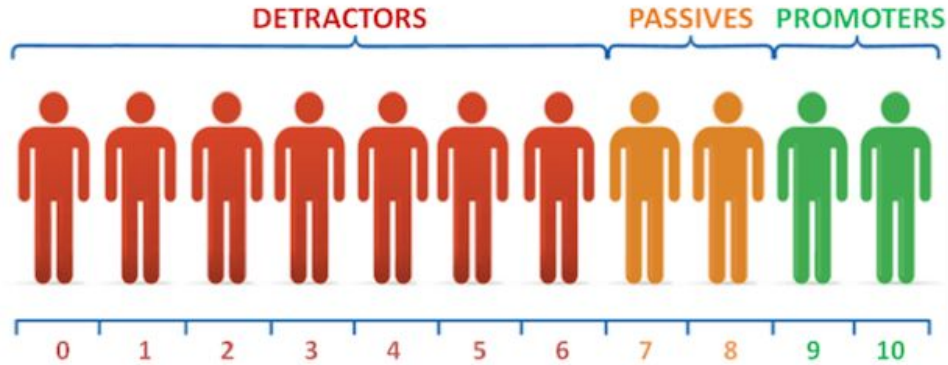
Economic impact

Attracting and retaining top talent is probably the most important objective of any engineering organization as more and more companies see their main ability to compete in the quality and speed of their IT based innovations. The costs for rehiring, retraining and lost business opportunities because of the missing capabilities to execute often add up to 3 to 6 months of salary for the position.

$\text{attrition rate} * \langle \text{average monthly salary of a developer} \rangle * \langle \text{number developer} \rangle * 6 = \text{costs related with low developer happiness}$

How GitHub can help

Developer Happiness

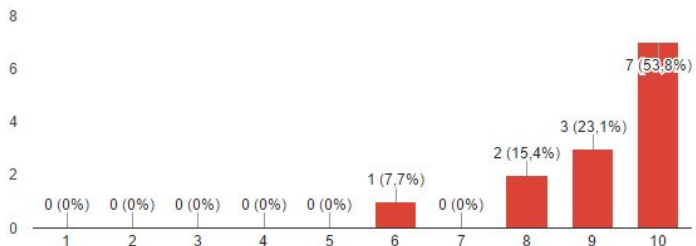


$$\text{NPS} = \% \text{ of Promoters (9s and 10s)} - \% \text{ of Detractors (0s through 6s)}$$

The voice of the people

On a scale of 1-10, how likely is it that you would recommend Exact as an employer, if GitHub would be the source control system for everyone?

(13 reacties)

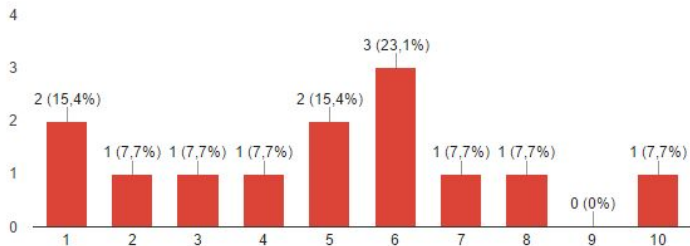


GitHub is used by **40 million** developers and trusted by more than 100,000 organizations.

Easier onboarding and easier to attract talent.

On a scale of 1-10, how likely is it that you would recommend Exact as an employer, if TFS would be the source control system for everyone?

(13 reacties)



Economic impact on employee retention



$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Hiring} + \text{Onboarding} + \text{Development} + \text{Unfilled Time}) \\ & \times (\text{Number Employees} \times \text{Annual Turnover Percentage}) \\ \hline & = \text{Annual Cost of Turnover} \end{aligned}$$

As an example, if you are a **150 person company with 11% annual turnover**, and you spend \$25k on per person on hiring, \$10k on each of turnover and development, and lose \$50k of productivity opportunity cost on average when refilling a role, then your annual **cost of turnover** would be about **\$1.57 million**.

Reducing this by just 20%, for example, **would** immediately **yield over \$300k** in value.



Economic impact on employee retention



What have those people in common?



besessener,
basejumpa,
randomByte,
marti4ka,
larsxschneider,
drivingThrillhouse,
SWCraftsMan,
moltob, zemunk ,
matz3, sengaya,
dannola, tacurran



They like to show their contributions to the world



Thomas Aidan Curran
tacurran

Software developer

Unfollow

Block or report user

Software developer
 Berlin, Germany
 mail@thomasaidancurran.com

Overview Repositories 19 Projects 0 Stars 22 Followers 47 Following 32

Popular repositories

workshop-dbg
Forked from [aeneas/workshop-dbg](#)

Go ★ 1 1

DB-Story

JavaScript ★ 1

180612-cebitgithubfuture

Three ways

★ 1

derrick

Derrick Metadata Management System

flynn

Forked from [flynn/flynn](#)

A next generation open source platform as a service (PaaS)

Go

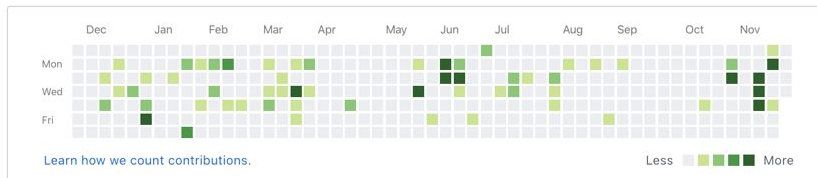
book

Forked from [GoBootcamp/book](#)

Source code of the companion book/website

TeX

142 contributions in the last year



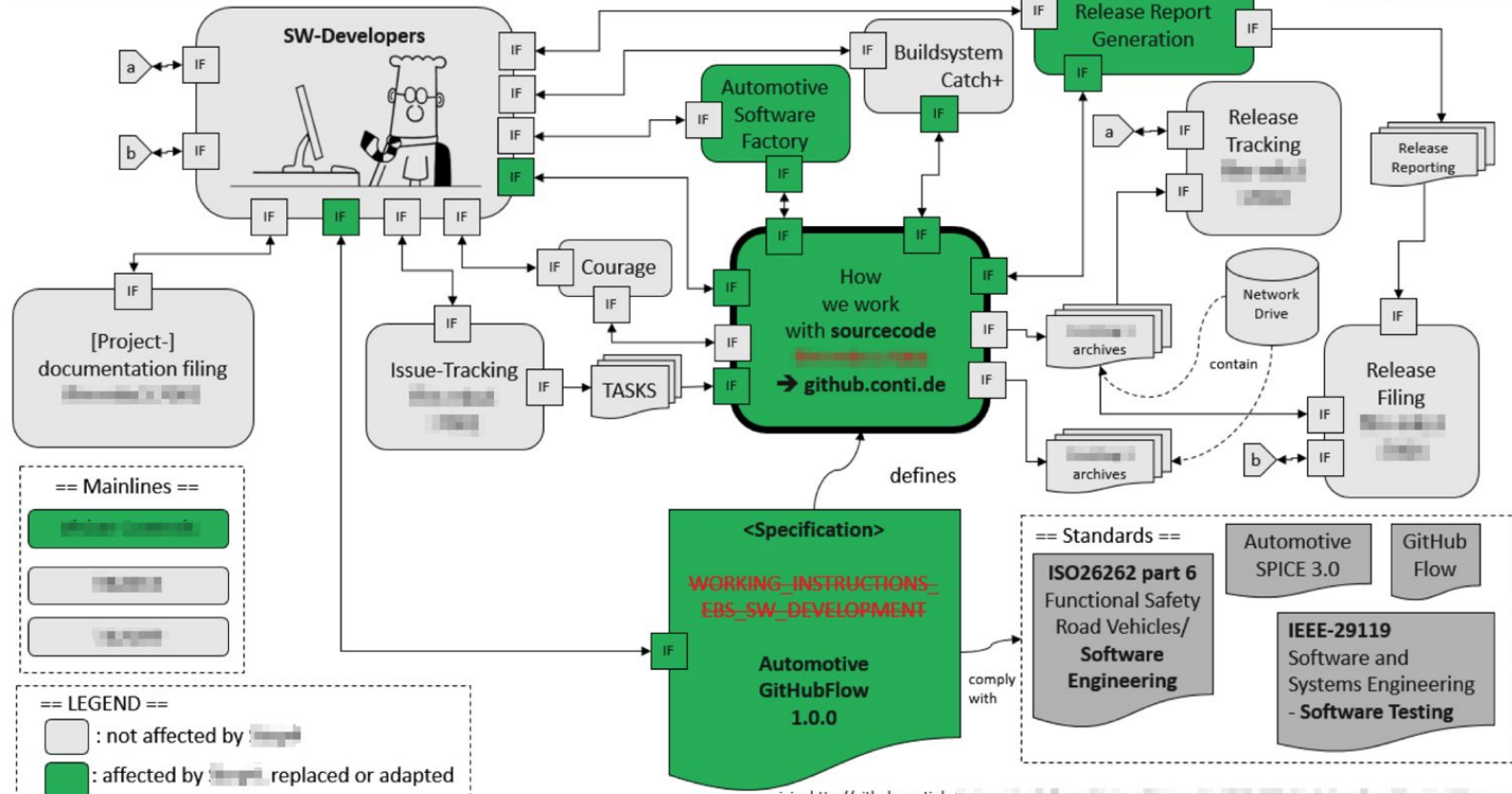
They are team leads and CxOs of fortune 500



Passion to use, create & teach modern tools



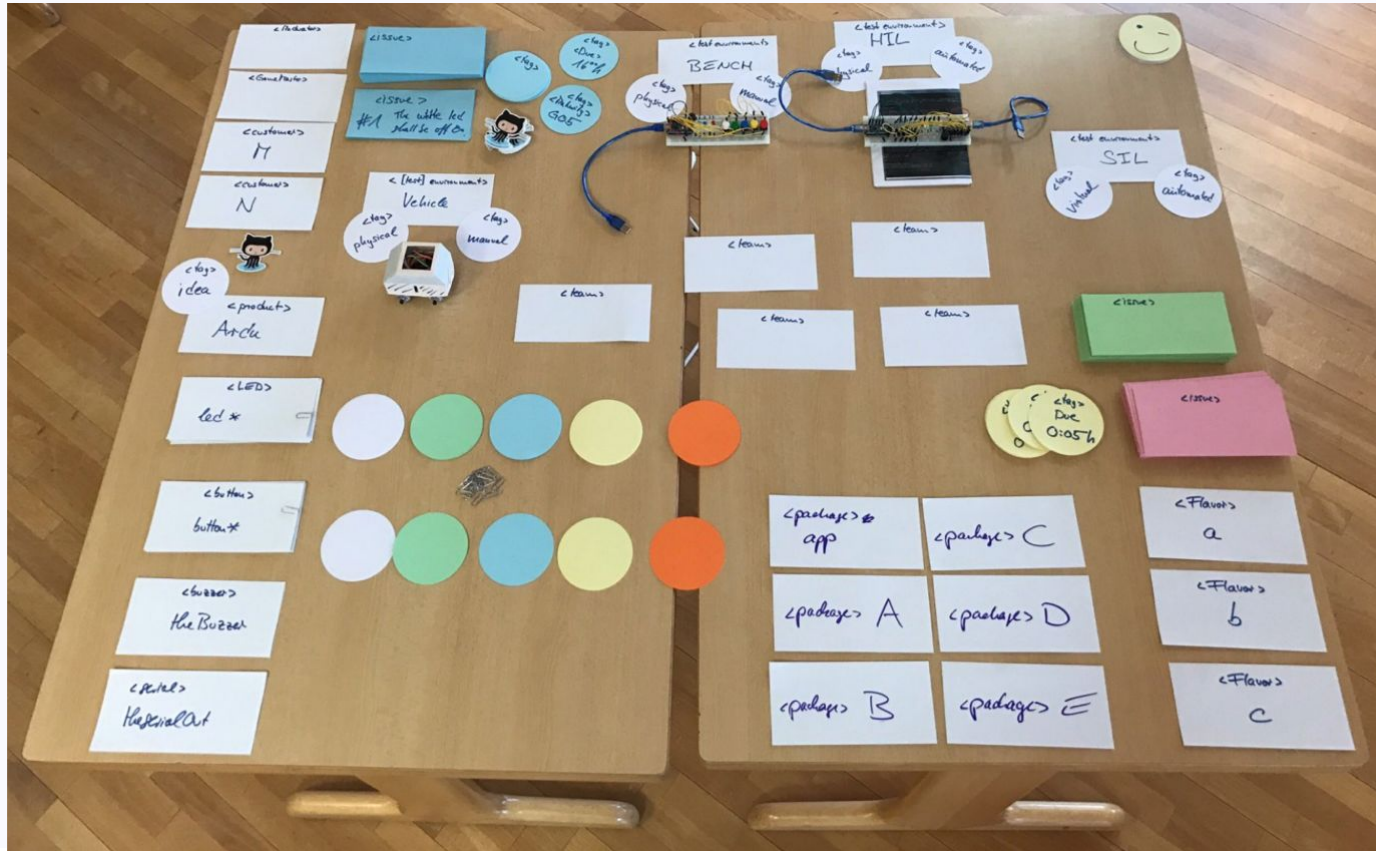
== Workflow and Tools ==



origin: <http://github.conti.de/>



Passion to use, create & teach modern tools



Passion to create, use & teach modern tools



Continental's Build Indicator



Recruiting



Team Delivery KPIs: DF, HF

Associated GitHub Value Proposition: Invention, Collaboration

Description

DF: Deployment Frequency- number of times per day/week/month that a team deploys.

HF: Hot Fixes - Count of HotFixes over a given interval

Economic impact

The number of times a team can deploy (either to production or an internal system), correlates to how fast a team can

- fix an issue in production (reducing risk, HF)
- change course based on customer feedback (validated learning, create the right product)
- deliver new features to the customer (time to market)
- execute a deployment fearlessly

The shorter it takes to go through the cycle from the initial scheduling of work to actual deployment, the higher the deployment frequency. To shorten the cycle time without compromising quality and audit compliance



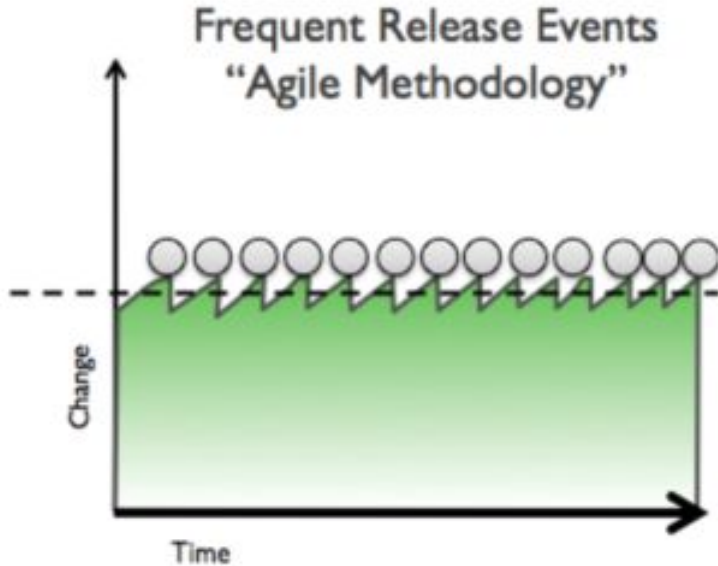


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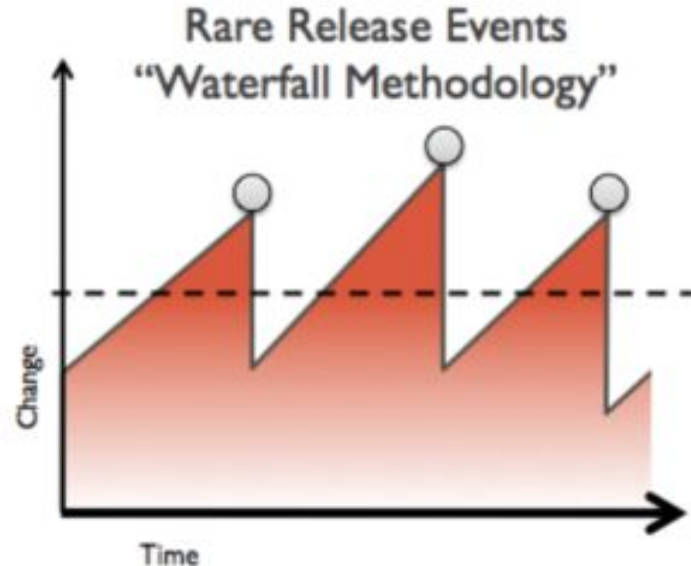
*Our highest priority is to satisfy
the **customer** through early and
continuous delivery of
valuable software*

”

Why deployment frequency does matter



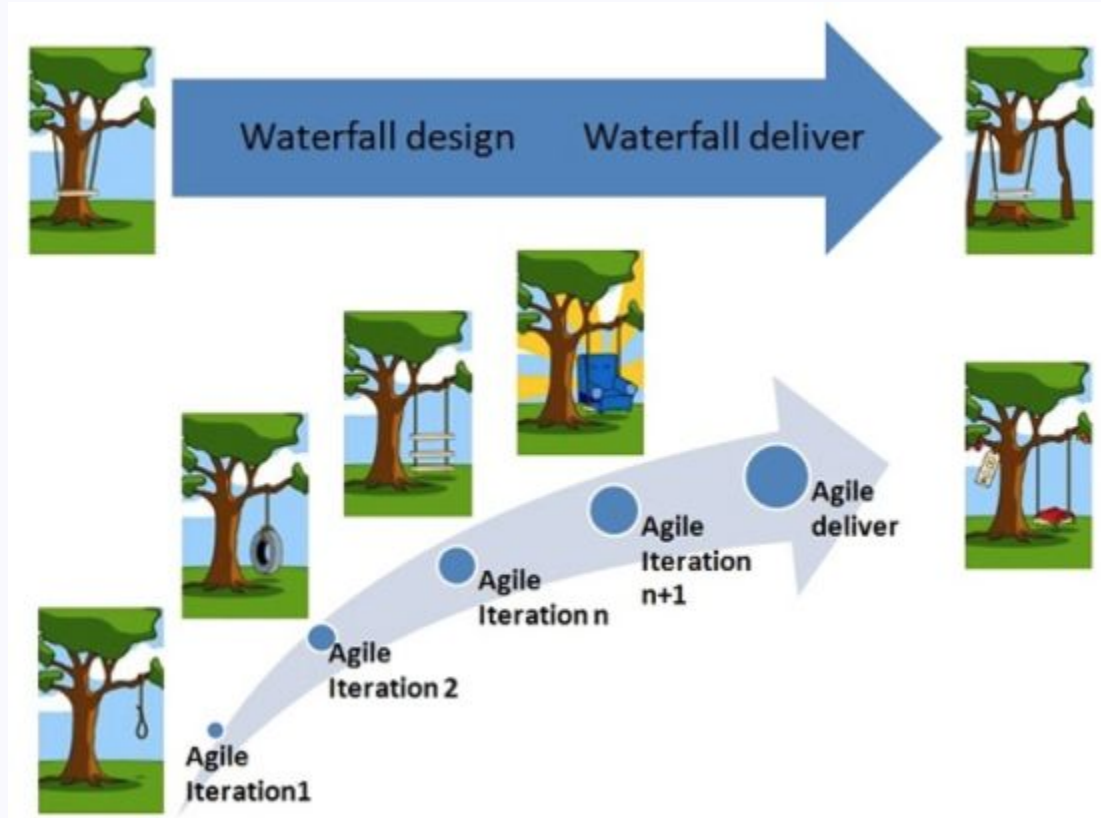
Smoother Effort
Less Risk



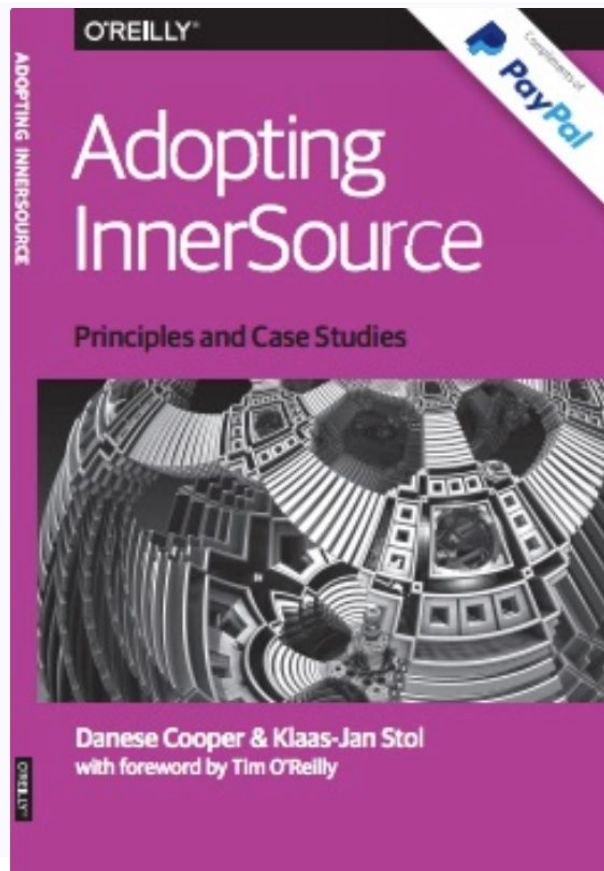
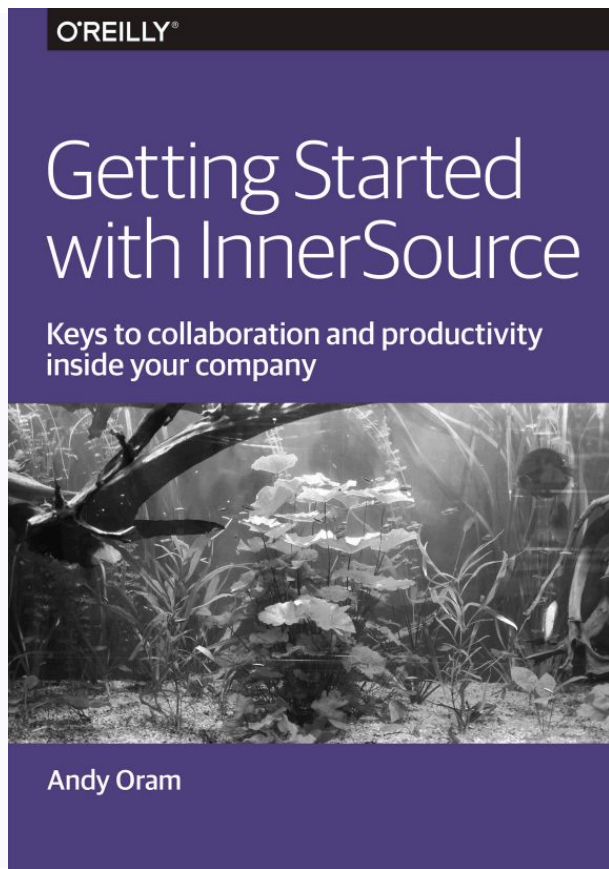
Effort Peaks
High Risk



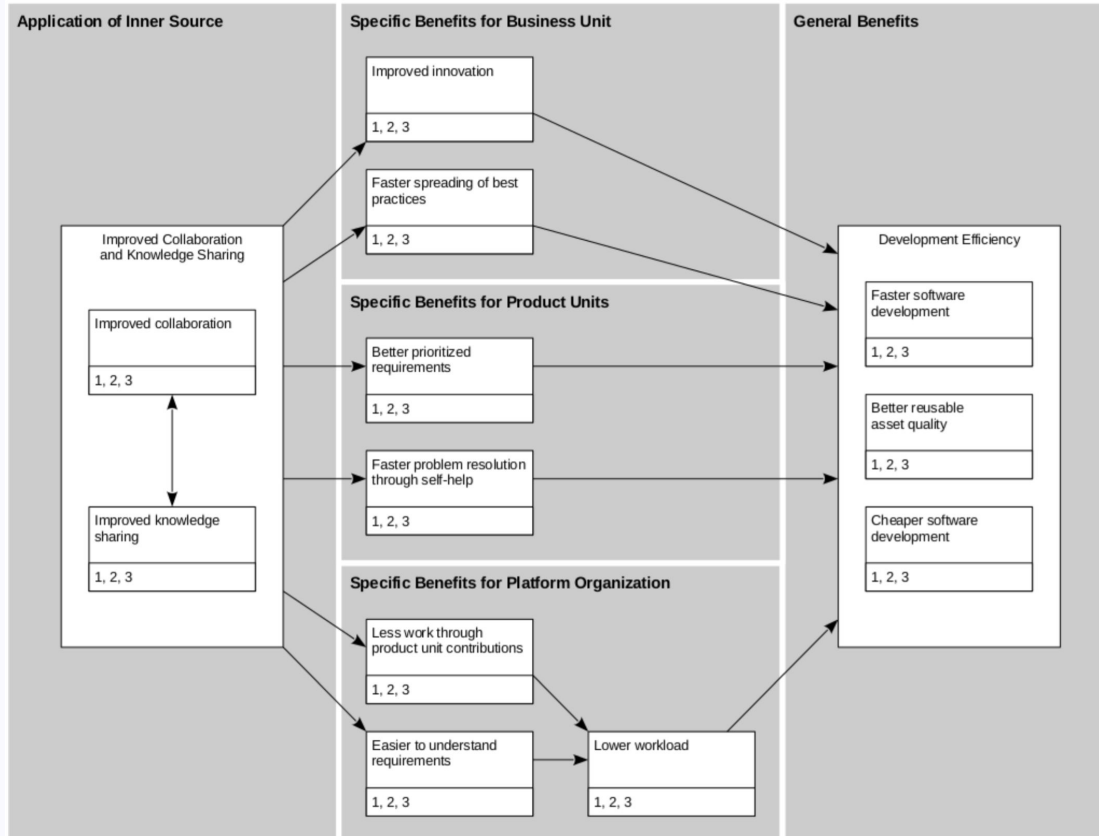
Why deployment frequency does matter



Inner Source



Scientific validation



Inner Source Practitioners DACH



zalando



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GROUP



BOSCH

DAIMLER



HYPOPORT




How does Inner Source work?



 **Visibility:** all internal software projects are by default visible to all employees

 **Fork/Branch:** anyone can create a copy of a project to make changes freely

 **Pull Requests:** people outside a project team can suggest changes and contribute to the project

 **Testing/CI:** every proposed change is automatically tested and the result is shown in the pull request

 **Issues:** there is a public issue tracker in which everyone can submit a bug or ask a question

 **Documentation:** all software projects include a Readme that describes what the software does, how to run it and how to contribute to it.



Benefits of Inner Sourcing



Cross-team collaboration



Increased shipping velocity



Improved code quality



Worldwide scalability



Developer happiness



Transparency



Common challenges for Inner Source



- Culture change- It won't happen overnight and needs buy in on all levels
- **Manager Fears**
 - **Fear of losing control (best developers contribute to other projects)**
 - **Fear of missing performance goals because of locally optimized metrics**
- Developer Fears
 - Fear of doing development with the entire company watching
 - Fear of follow up / maintenance work / reviewing all day
- Legal - Sharing information and contributing to other projects has to be ok
- Architecture - The more modular, less coupled the software, the better
- Test automation - Investments into fully automating have to be made - agile practices help



Inner source is not about arbitrary contributions



“ *Inner source is **NOT** about contributing to all kind of internal projects **just because you can** do so, **but because** your team is working on **cross-functional features** that need to change components out of your core team's responsibility.*

*In a world **before Inner source**, you would have to **wait for many product owners** of other components to prioritise your request which may take **forever** or might never happen. **Now**, our teams can **propose the needed changes themselves** and most likely **get them merged** if they follow the contribution guidelines which are a mandatory part of every inner source project.*

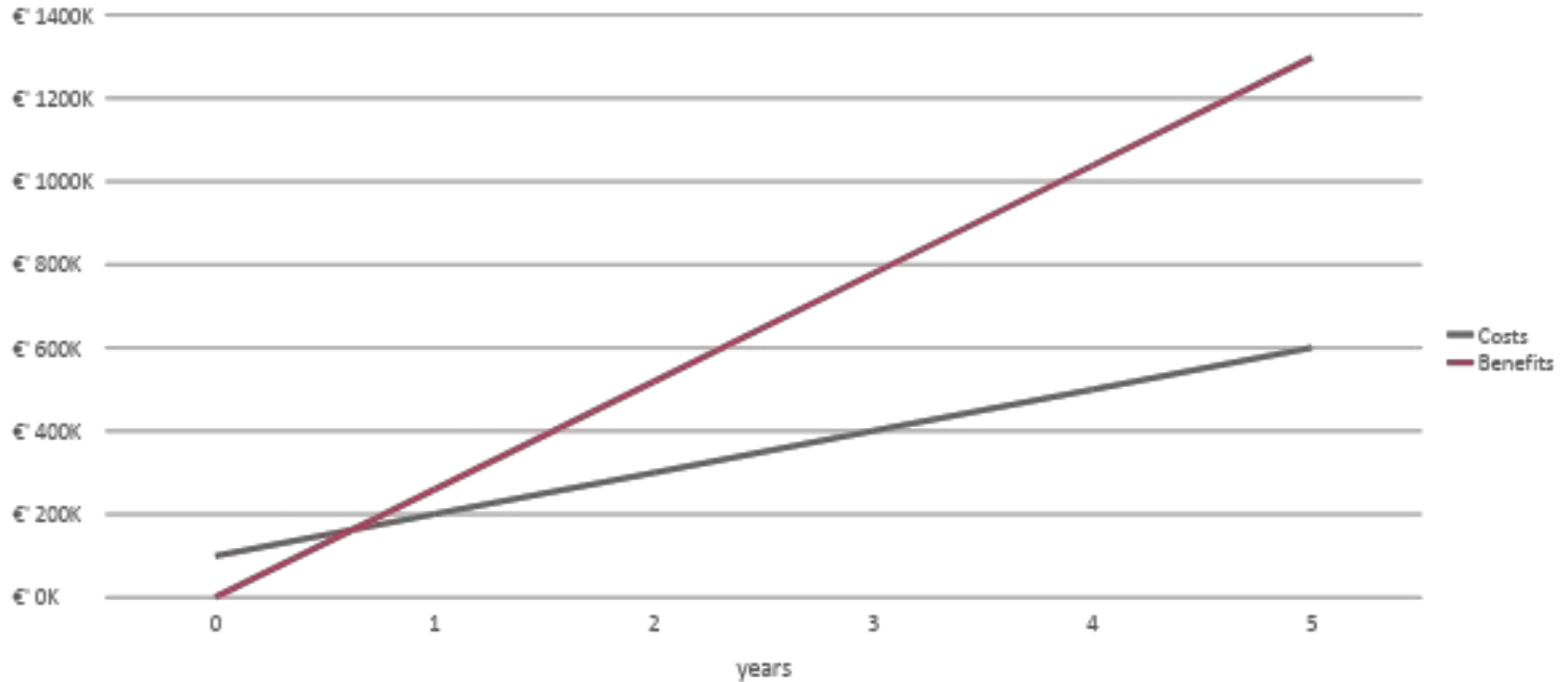
*The best argument for Inner source is that **other teams** are motivated to **make your own software better** and less work stays on your plate.*

Inner Source Evangelists at Zalando

”



Efficiency gains led to a convincing business case





Summary



Now you know how to measure fun



Joe Duffy
@xjoeduffyx



Follow

Having watched many teams at [@Microsoft](#) move to [@github](#), I can honestly say that social coding often delivers 10x more productivity and fun.

RETWEETS
50

LIKES
89



8:19 PM - 8 Jun 2016



50

89



Use the same metrics as the VCs



INSIGHT'S PERIODIC TABLE OF SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT METRICS

PROJECT MANAGEMENT

QUALITY

US User Stories									TC Test Count
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Questions

